“There are two ways to design a system. One is to make it so simple there are obviously no deficiencies. The other is to make it so complex there are no obvious deficiencies.” – C. A. R. Hoare
Takeaway Message

Vary whatever you wish, but make sure you understand how such alterations affect the trust relationships in the system’s design and implementation.

“Trust Distribution Diagrams: Theory and Applications” Locasto et al. 6 December 2010
Conclusion 1: Trust Relationships

Systems are composed of trust relationships; we must understand how the process of varying system properties (i.e., “moving target”) affects these trust relationships and frustrates attackers’ ability to control primitives in the computing environment.

Outcome: create an artifact for documenting the nature of these trust relationships.
Security systems routinely interfere with each other (i.e., “bickering-in-depth”); we need a framework for negotiating over security-critical resources, measurements points, data structures, and hooks.

Outcome: TDDs should provide a way of understanding the composition/layering of multiple security mechanisms.
Work That Shaped My Thinking

“We Need Assurance!”, Brian Snow, ACSAC 2005

“Some Thoughts on Security after Ten Years of qmail 1.0”, DJB, CSAW 2007

“High Assurance Digital Forensics: A Panelist’s Perspective”, Steven J. Greenwald, SADFE2009
“…we equate ‘trustworthy’ with the notion that software ‘follows expected behavior’ according to some security policy (where ‘behavior’ consists of sequences of events that read or modify specific data structures).”
Trust Distribution Diagrams

Motivation, Theory, and Applications

Work in progress!

"Trust Distribution Diagrams: Theory and Applications" Locasto et al.  6 December 2010
Observations: Software Assurance

Observation 1: The academic research community seems to have lost the art of making assurance arguments (CC EAL==red herring here)

Observation 2: Somehow “small” (as in “fewest lines of code”) has become our best metric for software trustworthiness, but we posit that the relationship between size and trustworthiness remains ill-defined

"Trust Distribution Diagrams: Theory and Applications" Locasto et al. 6 December 2010
Key Issue: Increase in Complexity

Challenge 1: difficult to argue effectively in prose

Challenge 2: difficult to construct & maintain formal proof for complex, evolving system
“Perhaps a better measure of assurance should rely on the complexity of the trust relationships between system components.”
“Perhaps a better measure of assurance should rely on the complexity of the trust relationships between system components.”

How do you depict these relationships?
TDDs will define a graphical language for expressing the distribution, amount, and migration of trust in design-level components.
TDD Key Properties

Direction of trust relationships (map)

Location of trust regardless of level of trust (orthagonality)

How direction, location, and level change over time (duration and migration)
Mapping Trust Between Components

"Trust Distribution Diagrams: Theory and Applications" Locasto et al.   6 December 2010
Trust Distribution Diagrams: Theory and Applications
Locasto et al.
Depicting Trust Statements

Trust Policy =

Trust Statements + Consequences

“Function \texttt{foo} trusts function \texttt{bar} to check property P.”

“...if \texttt{bar} does not, \texttt{foo} will henceforth check P itself.”
"Trust Distribution Diagrams: Theory and Applications" Locasto et al.  6 December 2010
Tasks that Require Further Work

- Exact syntax and semantics
- Represent evolving graph structure
- Leverage complexity measure as a coherent basis for qualitative trustworthiness arguments (next slide)

- Possible models
  - Jackson Structured Programming
  - Harel’s Statecharts
  - Lattices
TDD Complexity: An Evaluation Tool?

- “less complex” (entropy measure of patterns)
- “more robust” (contains redundancy, no SPoF)
- “checkable” (model checking)
- “survivable” (contains layers to jettison to save core)
- “nimble” (trust migrates between component subsets)

_TDDs depict patterns of trust that may repeat in different contexts within a system_
Composing Security Mechanisms

“Bickering-in-depth”

“Trust Distribution Diagrams: Theory and Applications” Locasto et al. 6 December 2010
Defence-in-Depth

Doctrine of defense-in-depth says:

“You should be able to add a new security mechanism to deepen your independent layers of security.”
Security software doesn’t play nice, and these systems routinely interfere with each other according to our preliminary experiments [S&P mag 2009]

Key issue seems to stem from indiscriminant and conflicting modifications of kernel objects and other important resources [uninformed.org]
Preliminary Experiments

- Scenario: install multiple security software programs on a host...and observe ensuing chaos (BSOD, etc.)
- Compiling Apache: 2 minutes vs. 45 minutes
- Numerous detections of “incompatible” software during installation...but installation proceeds anyway
- CA Internet Security and Clam AV → lose network
- PC Tools Anti-Virus and Webroot → shutdown
- Anonymizer on top of the whole mess: 75% of startups freeze

"Design Tools and Patterns for Trust Migration" Locasto et al.  10/26/2010
Negative Outcomes

Loss in performance

Loss in protection efficacy

Potentially disastrous fusion of policy

Poor management strategies arising from dealing with above rather than actual threats

"Design Tools and Patterns for Trust Migration" Locasto et al. 10/26/2010
Application for TDDs?

Understand (separately) what critical data structures and measurement points two different TCBs attempt to control

Diagram these trust relationships

The exercise of composing the TDDs will help show where overlap and potential conflict exist
From an attacker’s viewpoint, our computing environments contain latent functionality.

Formulating exploits (or ROP gadget chains) are a way of composing this latent functionality to achieve an attacker’s goal (control, exfiltration, etc.)

Moving Target Defense must provide effective methods for assessing the potential for latent functionality and breaking sequences of this composed latent functionality.
Conclusion

TDD: Diagram trust relationships to give us a sense of what state our system is in

Possible (high-level) application areas:

- Moving Target Defense

- Layering Software Security Mechanisms

"Trust Distribution Diagrams: Theory and Applications" Locasto et al. 6 December 2010
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Related Work

- Skywing, “Anti-Virus Software Gone Wrong”, What Were They Thinking? May 2006, uninformed.org
- Skape, “Annoyances Caused by Unsafe Assumptions”, What Were They Thinking? April 2005, uninformed.org
- TDDs: Theory and Applications